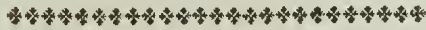


PAPILIO DEMOLEUS.



PAPILIO NIREUS.



CHARACTER GENERICUS.

Antennæ apicem versus crassiores, sæpius clavato-capitatæ.

Alæ (sedentis) erectæ sursumque conniventes, (volatu diurno.)

Lin. Syst. Nat. p. 744.

CHARACTER SPECIFICUS, &c.

PAPILIO DEMOLEUS. P. alis nigris flavo maculatis; posterioribus ocello cærulco rufoque.

Lin. Syst. Nat. Gmel. p. 2246.

Eq. Archiv.

P. alis dentatis fuscis, maculis fasciaque maculosa flavis, posticis ocellis binis.

Lin. Syst. Nat. p. 753.

PAPILIO NIREUS. P. alis nigris; fascia inaurato viridi, subtus nigricantibus.

Lin. Syst. Nat. p. 753.

Inter lautissimos Papiliones exoticos numerantur Nireus & Demoleus, quos ambos nutriunt India insulæque marium Indicarum.





S

London Published August 1st 1800 by J. D. Nodder Newman Street.

DEMOLEUS & NIREUS.



GENERIC CHARACTER.

Antennæ commonly thickening towards the end into a clavated tip.

Wings (when at rest) meeting upwards. (Flight diurnal.)

SPECIFIC CHARACTER, &c.

DEMOLEUS. Black Butterfly spotted with yellow, with the lower wings marked by a red-and-blue ocellated spot.

Seb. mus. 4. t. 37. f. 17. 18. & 44. f. 6. 9.

Kleemann ins. 1. t. 1. f. 2. 3.

Cram. pap. 20. t. 231. f. A. B.

NIREUS. Black Butterfly, with a lucid blue-green band across the wings.

Clerk. ic. t. 30. f. 1.

Seb. mus. 4. t. 6. & 9. f. 21. 22.

Drury ins. 2. t. 4. f. 1. 2.

The two species figured on the present plate may justly be numbered among the most beautiful of the exotic Butterflies. Both are natives of India and the Indian islands.